Your Prescription Drug Coverage Options for 2024
This newsletter provides you with up-to-date information on your coverage through the retiree benefit program. It discusses the Medicare Prescription Drug Plan and how it compares with your USNH-provided prescription drug coverage. Each year, you must decide whether it is necessary for you to enroll in Medicare Part D for prescription coverage.

If you are close to, have reached, or expect to reach the lifetime maximum benefit with your USNH Medicare Complementary Plan (MCP) coverage in 2024, you may want to join a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan. Once you exhaust the prescription benefit for your MCP, you will need to enroll in a Medicare Part D plan to have coverage for your prescriptions. To help you decide, page 2 summarizes how your USNH prescription drug plan works and page 4 gives you some questions and answers about the Medicare prescription drug plan. Page 3 provides contact information. Resources are also available on the retiree webpage [www.usnh.edu/resource/retirees](http://www.usnh.edu/resource/retirees).

Important Notice from the University System of New Hampshire About Your Prescription Drug Coverage and Medicare

Please read this notice carefully and keep it where you can find it. This notice has information about your current prescription drug coverage with the University System of New Hampshire (USNH) and about your options under Medicare’s Prescription Drug coverage. This information can help you decide whether you want to join a Medicare drug plan. If you are considering joining, you should compare your current coverage, including which drugs are covered at what cost, with the coverage and costs of the plans offering Medicare Prescription Drug coverage in your area. Information about where you can get help to make decisions about your prescription drug coverage is located on page 2 of this notice.

There are two important things you need to know about your current coverage and Medicare’s Prescription drug coverage:

1. Medicare prescription drug coverage became available in 2006 to everyone with Medicare. You can get this coverage if you join a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan or join a Medicare Advantage Plan (like an HMO or PPO) that offers prescription drug coverage. All Medicare drug plans provide at least a standard level of coverage set by Medicare. Some plans may also offer more coverage for a higher monthly premium.

2. Segal Consulting, contracted by USNH, has determined that the prescription drug coverage offered by USNH is, on average for all plan participants, expected to pay out as much as standard Medicare Prescription drug coverage pays and is therefore considered Creditable Coverage. Because your existing coverage is Creditable Coverage, you can keep this coverage and not pay a higher premium (a penalty) if you later decide to join a Medicare Drug Plan.
Factors to Consider as You Choose Your 2024 Prescription Drug Coverage

Prescription Drug Coverage for USNH Retirees
USNH retirees have several options when it comes to prescription drug coverage. First, retirees with the USNH Medicare Complementary Plan are eligible for USNH-provided prescription drug coverage up to a lifetime benefit maximum of $30,000 per covered member. The USNH Medicare Complementary Plan pays 80% of covered prescription drug charges up to the plan’s maximum lifetime prescription drug benefit of $30,000. In addition, for those of you who have reached or are close to reaching your $30,000 lifetime maximum prescription benefit, a one-time transfer of up to $5,000 is allowed from the additional $10,000 major medical coverage at EBPA to your prescription account with OptumRx, providing you have the needed major medical funds available. If interested, contact Joye Cushing at the USNH Benefits Office for more information (refer to page 3 for contact information).

Medicare-eligible individuals can also expect to receive mailings about Medicare Part D Prescription Drug Plans each year. These mailings come from the government and many of the drug plans and health organizations that have been approved by Medicare to provide Part D benefits. If you have exhausted or are close to exhausting your USNH prescription benefit under the Medicare Complementary Plan, you will want to consider enrolling in a Medicare Part D prescription drug plan during the upcoming annual enrollment period.

Your USNH Medicare Complementary Plan premium is currently fully paid by the University System. Plans and premiums are subject to change.

If You Enroll in the Medicare Prescription Drug Plan
You pay a monthly premium for coverage under a Medicare Part D plan. If you have limited income and resources, you may qualify for Extra Help, a Medicare program that assists people with limited income and resources to pay Medicare prescription drug costs. To qualify for the Extra Help program, a person must be receiving Medicare, have limited resources and income, and reside in one of the 50 States or the District of Columbia. For details, contact Social Security at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY: 1-800-325-0778) or via their website at www.ssa.gov/benefits/medicare/prescriptionhelp.html

Please note: If you enroll in a Medicare Prescription Drug plan within 63 days of losing creditable coverage, you will not be subject to the late-entrant penalty/higher premium charge. If you have questions, you can always contact Medicare (see below). This penalty/higher premium charge does not apply to USNH retirees who have creditable coverage through the University System.

Medicare Part D and the Affordable Care Act
The Coverage Gap (donut hole) begins once you reach your Medicare Part D plan’s initial coverage limit of $5,030 in 2024 and ends when you spend a total of $8,000 in 2024. Medicare beneficiaries who reach the Coverage Gap receive discounts on the total cost paid for brand name and generic drugs purchased while in the donut hole. The discount includes a 70% discount paid by the brand-name drug manufacturer and a 5% discount paid by your Medicare Part D plan. The discount paid by the brand name drug manufacturer combined with the 25% you pay, will count towards getting out of the Coverage Gap, however, the additional percentage paid by the Medicare Part D plan will not count towards your “True Out-of-Pocket Costs” (TrOOP).

Additionally, in 2024, once out of the coverage gap and entering the catastrophic phase, there will be no coinsurance requirement for Part D enrollees. Previously, enrollees paid 5% in this catastrophic phase.

Additional information about the Coverage Gap is available on the Medicare.gov website at www.medicare.gov/drug-coverage-part-d/costs-for-medicare-drug-coverage/costs-in-the-coverage-gap

Learn More about the Medicare Prescription Drug Plan
- Visit www.medicare.gov
- Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) – TTY users call 1-877-486-2048; or
- In NH, call the ServiceLink Resource Center toll-free at 1-866-634-9412 or visit www.servicelink.nh.gov
- Outside NH, refer to your Medicare & You booklet for the State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) in your state.
- When online or on the phone, you can request a copy of Your Guide to Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage, a booklet that describes the program in detail.
**Lifetime Maximum Benefit**

The lifetime maximum benefit for the prescription drug coverage offered through the USNH Medicare Complementary Plan is $30,000. You also have the option to extend this limit by up to $5,000 if you have the funds available to transfer from the additional $10,000 major medical coverage offered through the MCP with EBPA. If you think you are nearing your lifetime maximum benefit and need to check on your balance or discuss transfer options, please contact Joye Cushing at the USNH Benefit Office (see below for contact information).

OptumRx is the prescription drug carrier for the USNH Medicare Complementary Plan. Questions regarding prescriptions or card orders should be directed to the OptumRx customer service at 1-866-633-5874. Please note, if a retiree and spouse are covered under the MCP, cards are currently issued in the retiree’s name only with a shared ID number. Within the OptumRx system, a separate suffix is assigned per individual (01 for the retiree and 02 for the spouse). When a spouse is the only covered member on the MCP, the spouse will be the subscriber on the account and cards will be issued in the spouse’s name. A new ID number may be issued when there is a change in the coverage tier (individual to two-person coverage or from two-person to individual coverage).

**If You Have Met the $30,000 Lifetime Maximum Benefit**

You still have creditable coverage with USNH, but you may want to join a Medicare Prescription Drug plan. You should enroll during the annual enrollment period for Medicare Part D (October 15 through December 7). Since you are in a creditable plan, you will not be subject to the late entrant penalty/higher premium charge but will need to provide a personalized letter of creditable coverage. You may also want to consider making a one-time transfer from your available Major Medical balance with EBPA to your prescription coverage. Contact Joye Cushing at the USNH Benefits Office if you need a personalized creditable coverage letter or wish to transfer funds.

**If You Expect to Meet or Exceed the $30,000 Lifetime Maximum Benefit in 2024**

You still have creditable coverage with USNH, but you may want to join the Medicare Prescription Drug plan for January 1, 2024, so you will have continuing prescription coverage should your needs exceed the $30,000 lifetime maximum benefit. If you wait until you reach your maximum lifetime benefit to join a Medicare prescription drug plan, you should enroll in a plan within 63 days of reaching your maximum lifetime benefit. If you decide to wait to enroll in a Medicare Part D plan, you may run the risk of not having continuous prescription coverage while your enrollment is being processed and may not be able to get your preferred plan choice.

Note: This notice will be mailed each year on or before the start of the Annual Election Period (AEP) for Medicare Part D enrollment period which begins on October 15th. The notice will also be sent if coverage through this USNH plan should change. You may also request a copy of this notice at any time.

**Change of Address, Phone Number, or Marital Status**

Please notify us if your address or telephone number changes so we can ensure that you continue to receive notifications and explanations of any changes in your retiree benefit program as well as future issues of Staying Connected.

It is also important that we be notified if your marital status changes due to the death of your spouse, divorce, or remarriage if you are the surviving spouse of a retiree. In the event of a death, there is no change to the benefits of the surviving spouse, however, in the event of a divorce, the ex-spouse of a retiree is no longer eligible for coverage under our plan. The surviving spouse of a retiree also loses their eligibility for coverage in the event they remarry.

To update your information, please notify:

Joya Cushing  
USNH Benefits Coordinator  
University System of New Hampshire 5 Chenell Drive, Suite 301  
Concord, NH 03301 603-862-0930  
joye.cushing@usnh.edu

This newsletter is intended to highlight certain features of the University System of New Hampshire’s retiree benefit program and address specific questions you may have. Please refer to the Summary Plan Descriptions for each plan for a complete statement of your rights and obligations. Official plan documents govern plan provision and payment of plan benefits.

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Questions and Answers about Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage

What is Medicare prescription drug coverage?
On January 1, 2006, a prescription drug benefit was made available to everyone eligible for Medicare. This benefit is provided through private companies that are approved by Medicare to administer this benefit. To be approved, each company must offer coverage that is at least as good as the standard (minimum) Medicare Drug coverage. The drug plans may vary in what prescription drugs are covered, how much you must pay, and which pharmacies you can use. Some plans may offer enhanced prescription drug benefits at an additional monthly cost.

There also are special provisions for eligible retirees who have access to prescription drug coverage through their former employers, as do eligible retirees of USNH.

The monthly premiums also vary from state to state. In 2024 the average basic premium for Medicare Part D is expected to be $55.50.

What does standard Medicare prescription drug coverage provide?
Plans vary, but the standard coverage plan has four phases. In each phase, the share of drug cost by Part D enrollees, Part D plans, manufacturers and Medicare varies. The four phases and Part D enrollee cost sharing is outlined below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Phase</th>
<th>Medicare Part D enrollee pays…</th>
<th>…of total cost of drugs for calendar year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Deductible</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>$0-$539.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial Coverage</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>$540-$5,029.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coverage Gap (Donut Hole)</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>$5,030-$7,999.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catastrophic</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>$8,000 and up</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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Please see the explanation on page 2, under the Medicare Part D and the Affordable Care Act. Each plan, however, may have a different formulary (the list of drugs covered by the plan). Each formulary must meet Medicare’s requirements and must offer at least two drugs in every drug category. If your doctor thinks you need a prescription drug not on your plan’s formulary, you can apply for an exception.

What prescription drugs are covered under the plans?
Both generic and brand-name prescription drugs are covered by the Medicare Prescription Drug plans.

How do I find out if my prescription drugs are covered?
You should make a list of your current medications (name, dosage, frequency, and monthly costs). Then call the plans you are interested in, visit their websites, or visit www.medicare.gov to get the formulary, enter your list of medications, or compare the plans available to you in your state.

When can I join?
You can join a Medicare Part D prescription drug plan when you first become eligible for Medicare and each year from October 15th through December 7th for coverage that will take effect on the upcoming January 1st. If you should lose your current creditable prescription drug coverage, through no fault of your own, you will also be eligible for a two (2) month Special Enrollment Period (SEP) to join a Medicare Part D prescription drug plan.

Should you drop or lose your creditable prescription coverage and not enroll in a Medicare Part D prescription drug plan within the 63 days provided under the SEP after your current coverage ends, you may have to pay a higher premium penalty when you join a Medicare Part D prescription drug plan later during the annual enrollment period. Upon enrollment, your premium will increase by at least 1% per month for every month you delay enrollment. This late-entrant penalty/higher premium charge will apply for as long as you have the Medicare Prescription Drug coverage. (This penalty should not apply to USNH retirees who have creditable coverage through a USNH medical plan so be sure to provide a personalized letter of creditable coverage when enrolling.)

Should I join?
That depends. See Factors to Consider as You Choose Your 2024 Prescription Drug Coverage on page 2.

Medicare Crossover Program
The Medicare Crossover Program is offered to our MCP participants through EBPA. This program allows Medicare to send the explanation of benefits (EOB) directly to EBPA for processing which saves you and/or your provider from having to submit the claim for payment. If you have another insurance that is to pay secondary to Medicare, you will want to “opt out” of the Medicare Crossover Program. Please contact Joyce Cushing at the USNH Benefits Office if you need to opt out or update your Medicare ID number (MBI).

Personal Information
Never give out personal information. If someone asks for your personal Medicare information over the phone, please do not provide it. Contact Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) to report any of these types of calls or go to https://www.medicare.gov/forms-help-resources/help-fight-medicare-fraud to learn more about efforts to fight fraud and scams.